SPECIFICATION SHEET



ALKALINE METER ALF-1600

Alkali meter for waterworks process online. Alkaliity (total alkalinity) is an index that converts the alkali content in water into calcium carbonate. In addition, it is an index that affects the coagulation and sedimentation action, and is used to measure the water in the settling basin and the landing well and control the input of coagulant.

The sample water in this case may contain a lot of SS. When measuring such a sample, it is recommended to combine it with a sand filtration device (FS-3 type) to remove SS.

It can also be used for measuring purified water because it requires an appropriate alkalinity to prevent corrosion of the water supply pipe of purified water.

Features

OSelectable between continuous measurement and intermittent measurement

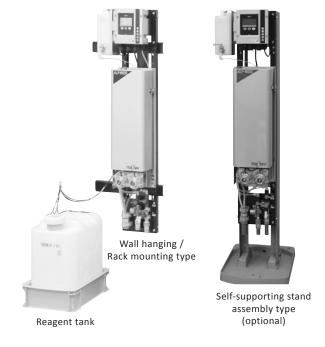
It has a mode for continuous neutralization titration by the coulometric method and a mode for intermittent titration. Continuous measurement is possible when the water quality fluctuates drastically, and intermittent measurement is possible when the fluctuation is small.

OReagent-saving design

The consumption of reagent solution (sodium sulfate) is about 1/4 of our conventional model. Setting to intermittent measurement further saves reagents. Therefore, the reagent tank is as small as 30L.

OAdopts coulometry method (potentiometric titration method) using pH electrode

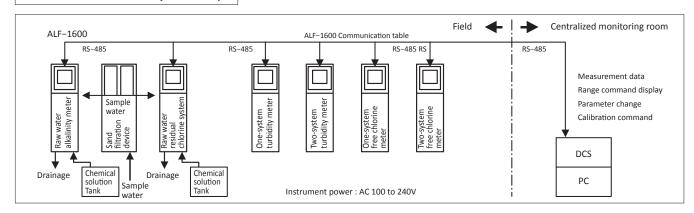
Long-term continuous measurement is possible with simple reagent preparation.



OLineup of abundant installation methods

The detector is small and lightweight, and piping, wiring, maintenance operations, etc. can be performed from the front, saving space in the installation location. In addition to the wallmounted / rackmounted type, an indoor selfstanding stand assembly type and an outdoor cubicle storage type are also available as options. The sample water can be supplied in a wide pressure range of 0.02 to 0.3MPa from the head pressure supply from the sand filter or water tank to the direct connection to the process line.

Modbus Communication system Sample



Standard Specifications

Product name : Alkaline meter Model : ALF-1600

Measurement object: (Total) alkalinity of water and purified

water

Measurement method: Potentiometric titration method

(neutralization titration)

Measurement cycle : Continuous or intermittent *

(minimum 1-hour cycle)

*In intermittent measurement, it takes about 30 minutes per measurement including the liquid replacement time.

Measurement range : 0 to 50 / 0 to 100

2 range manual or remote switching

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Minimum display : 0.1

Transmission signal : DC 4 to 20mA (insulated type), load

output contact $\qquad \qquad resistance \ 600\Omega \ or \ less$

Signal output : Select and assign to 6 contacts from the

following items

(OR is available for 3 items)

1)Range display 2)Under maintenance 3)Concentration upper limit alarm 4)Concentration lower limit alarm 5)Instrument abnormality(*1) 6)Under calibration (*2) 7)Power off 8)Under cleaning (*3)

*1; Details of instrument abnormality Communication error, hardware error, setting error, sample drainage, span calibration error, Abnormal stability discrimination (*2), reagent

disconnection, abnormal flow rate

*2; With automatic calibration

*3; With cleaning

Contact point...6 points (5 a contacts,

1 c contact)

Capacity...DC 30 V0.1A load resistance

Contact signal input $\div \operatorname{Select}$ and assign to 3 contacts from the

following items
1)Range switching

...Range 2 (high range) with closed

contact reception 2)Calibration start (*1)

...Start with closed contact reception

(100ms or more) 3)Cleaning start (*2)

...Start with closed contact reception

(100ms or more)

4)Measurement switching

...Continuous measurement with closed

contact reception

*1; With automatic calibration

*2; With cleaning

Contact points; 3 points Non-voltage contact input; ON resistance within 50Ω , Short circuit current up to 10mA, Open circuit

voltage 24V DC

Analogue signal input : DC 4 to 20 mA

The DC 4 to 20mA input is converted to a concentration for the preset scale and output via the external output support.

Numbers of inputs; 1

Concentration conversion; 4 significant digits, fixed decimal point position

External output port: RS-485 1 (Maximum cable length 100m)

Protocol; Modbus/RTU Address; 8×n (n=1 to 30)

Use 3 consecutive addresses Terminal block; 2 pairs (For parallel

connection)

Power pressure : AC 100 to $240V\pm10\%$ 50/60Hz

Power consumption: Approx. 40VA (standard), approx. 60VA

(maximum)

 ${\tt Detection\ electrode: Glass\ electrode...5041}$

Comparison electrode...4084 Electrolytic electrode...2066 (2)

Sample water : Temperature...0 to 40°C (Do not freeze)

condition Pressure...0.0 2 to 0.3MPa

Reagent

Flow rate...1 to 3L/min

(Measuring cell inflow; approx. 4mL/min)
: Sodium sulfate solution (about 0.18mol/L)

Flow rate...Approx.0.5mL/min
Consumption...Approximately 22L/
month in continuous measurement

Approximately 16L/month for continuous 1-hour cycle intermittent

measurement

Construction : Indoor wall mounting type

(Requires storage in cubicles outdoors)

Transmitter; IP65

Detection unit (electrical unit storage

box); IP52

 $\mbox{Mounting method} \quad \mbox{: Wall, or rack mounting} \quad$

Material : Transmitter...aluminum die cast

Metallic silver

Detector...Aluminum plate Metallic silver

Material of wetted part : PVC, PFA, PP, acrylic

 $\hbox{Piping contact port } : Sample \ water \ in let... Socket \ Nominal \\$

diameter 16

Drain port...Socket Nominal diameter 25 Cleaning water inlet...Socket Nominal

diameter 16

Wiring port : 6 glands for φ 6 to 12 cable

Screws G1/2 for connecting electrical conduits appear when removed

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Ambient air} & : -5 \ \mbox{to} \ 50^{\circ}\mbox{C (Do not freeze)} \\ \mbox{Humidity} & : 85\%\mbox{RH or less (Do not freeze)} \end{array}$

Weight : Approx. 20kg

Self-supporting stand assembly type is

about $35 \mathrm{kg}$

Performance

Straightness Repeatability Stability Response speed : Within ±3%FS (by calibration fluid) : Within ±2%FS (by calibration fluid) : Zero drift; Within ±3%FS/month

(0 to 100mg/L range)

Span drift; Within ±3%FS/ month

(0 to 100mg/L range) : 90% response within 8mins (from calibration fluid inlet)

Calibration method

Zero calibration Span calibration : Calibrated with ion-exchanged water : Calibrated with sodium carbonate

solution

Operating principle

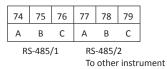
This instrument measures the total alkalinity of raw or purified water in the water supply. Coulometry (potentiometric titration) using a pH electrode as a sensor is used as the detection method, and longterm continuous measurement is possible with simple reagent preparation.

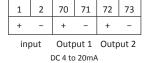
The sample water is filtered by the filter in the measuring water tank and introduced into the flow cell in the detector at a constant flow rate (about 4mL/min) by the flow rate control mechanism and the constant flow rate pump P1. On the other hand, the reagent solution (sodium nitrate) is introduced into the detector (about 0.5mL/min) by the constant flow pump P2. At this time, it is electrolyzed by the

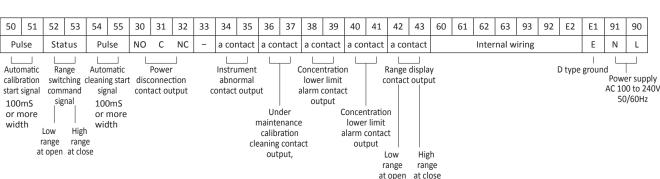
electrolytic electrode installed in the reagent liquid flow path, and acid and alkali are generated.

Only the acid produced by this electrolysis is introduced into Laussel. The flow cell has a pH electrode that detects pH deviations (deviations from the equivalence point pH 4.8) according to changes in alkalinity and controls the electrolytic current to keep the pH at the equivalence point. At this time, the amount of acid produced is proportional to the electrolytic current and corresponds to the alkalinity, so the alkalinity can be continuously known from the value of this electrolytic current (see the flow sheet on page 5).

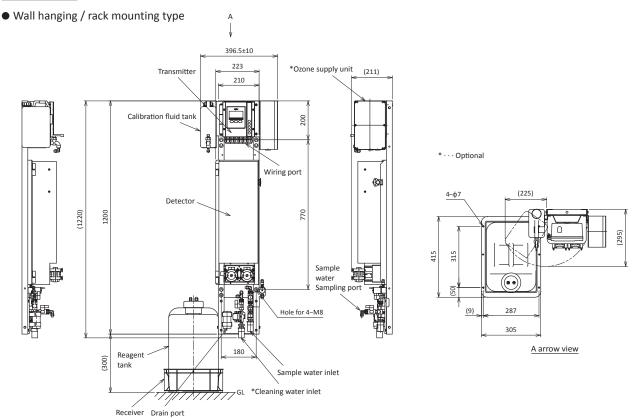
Connection terminal



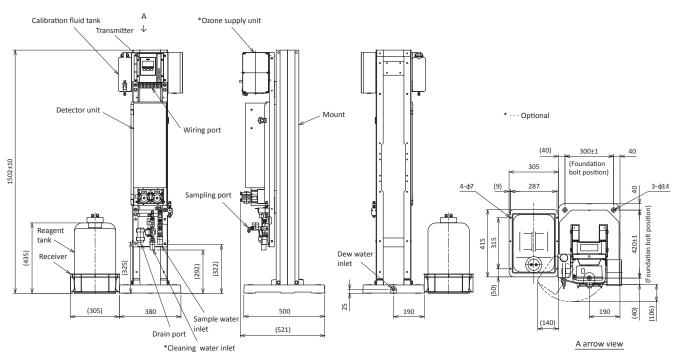




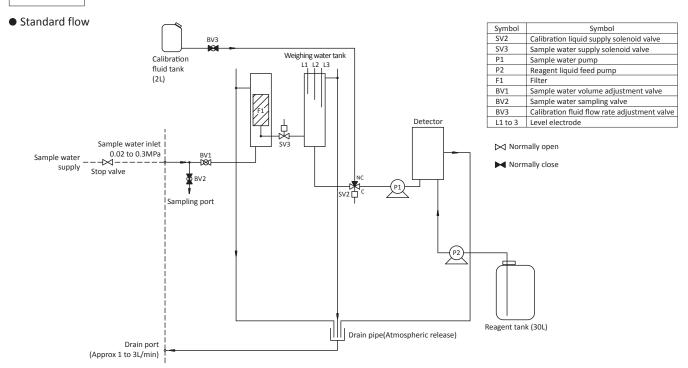




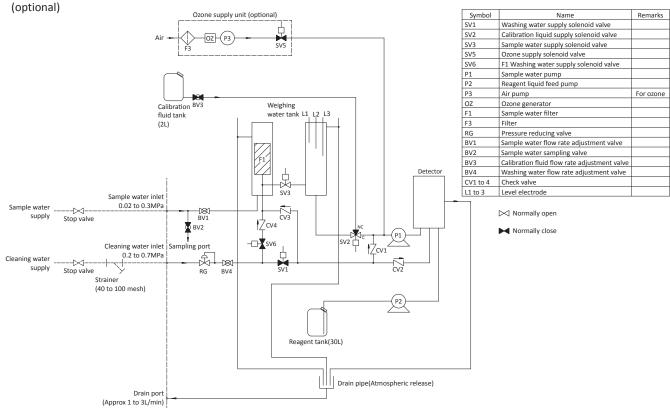
Self-supporting stand assembly type (optional)



Flow sheet



 Flow with automatic cleaning and automatic span calibration (optional)



Option

Automatic cleaning unit

Water or water + ozone is periodically introduced into the measurement path to automatically clean the detector and other parts.

Started by an internal timer or an external start signal

Cycle setting ...1 to 24h (Initial setting 12h)

(When set to 0h, an external start

signal is accepted.)

Cleaning time ...With water cleaning 6min (fixed)

With water/ozone cleaning 11min (fixed)

Cleaning water $\,$... Water washing about 6L / time

condition Water / ozone washing about 9L / time

Pressure 0.2 to 0.7MPa Temperature 2 to 30° C

Automatic span calibration unit

The span calibration liquid is periodically introduced from the calibration liquid tank into the measurement cell, and the span calibration is performed automatically. It is started by an internal timer or an external start signal.

Automatic span calibration is added at the same time as the above automatic cleaning unit.

Cycle setting ...1 to 31days (Initial setting 10days)

(When set to 0h, an external start

signal is accepted.)

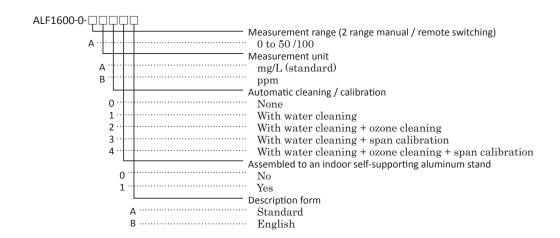
Calibration time ...Approx. 20min (fixed)

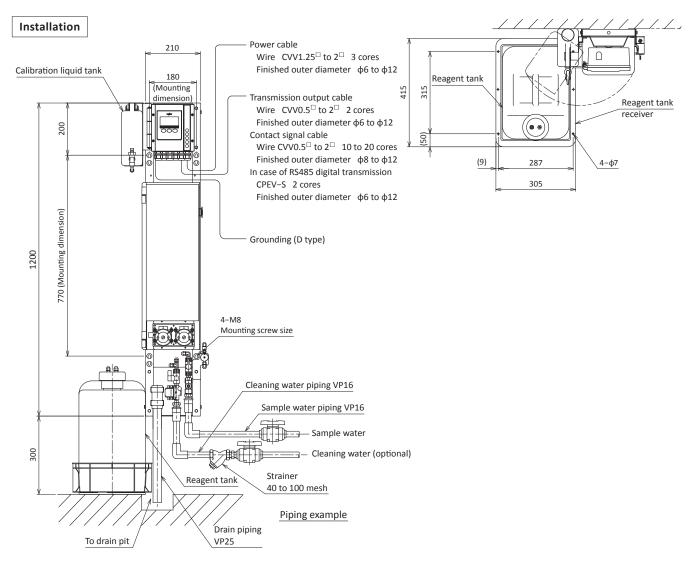
Wait time ...0 to 30 min (Initial setting 20min)

Independent stand for indoor use

Assemble to an aluminum self-standing stand. Secure the gantry base with anchor bolts.

Product code





1. Instrument installation conditions

Install it in a place that meets the following conditions.

- a) Places not exposed to rain, wind or direct sunlight.
- b) The temperature and pressure of the sample water are included in the "Sample water conditions" in the specifications. A place that can supply suitable water quality.
- c) Where there is no vibration.
- d) There are no devices around that can be a source of electrical noise.
- e) A place where maintenance space can be secured and work can be done easily.

$2.\ Installation$

Standard specifications are wall-mounted or hook-mounted. Make four holes for M8 in the mounting part in advance and mount the instrument vertically.

Instrument mass: 20kg

Use the supplied reagent tank and install it next to the device. (Within 1m from the main body of the device)
Install the reagent tank stand with M6 foundation bolts.
For piping tubes and wiring, use the ones that come with the reagent tank.

Please connect to the main body of the device..

3. Sample water supply piping

- a) Install a stop valve as shown in the figure. The flow rate required for the instrument is approximately 1 to 3L/min.
- b) Use a material with good corrosion resistance, such as hard PVC (VP16) or PVC pressure resistant hose (VP16 equivalent).

4. Drain piping

- a) Drain to the pit etc. with the open descent pipe to the atmosphere.
- b) Use a material with good corrosion resistance such as hard PVC (VP25) or PVC pressure resistant hose (diameter equivalent to VP 25).

5. Cleaning water piping (optional)

With automatic cleaning, stop valve strike at the cleaning water inlet piping with a cleaner (40 to 100 mesh). For cleaning water, supply water that meets the "cleaning water conditions" in the specifications.

6. Wiring

- a) Refer to the standard in the figure for each cable.
- b) To install the instrument, perform class D work (ground resistance 100Ω or less) from the ground screw on the bottom of the converter or the E terminal of the internal terminal block.
- c) Isolate the signal cable from the power line.
- d) When using composite piping (conduit), remove the cable gland and connect it to the ${\rm G1/2}$ screw.

Related instruments

Sand filtration device

Model : FS-3

 $\hbox{ $:$ Eemoval of SS in sample water to be}$

introduced into the water quality

analyzer

Method : 2-cylinder continuous sand filtration

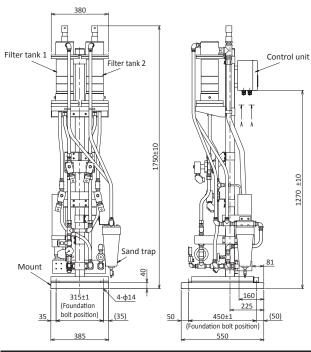
(alternate automatic reversal)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Filter material} & : Sand \ (particle \ size 0.8 \ and \ 1.0 mm) \\ \mbox{Filtration water} & : 1 \ to \ 6L/min \ (depending \ on \ the \ turbid \\ \end{array}$

sampling amount \qquad mass of the sample water)

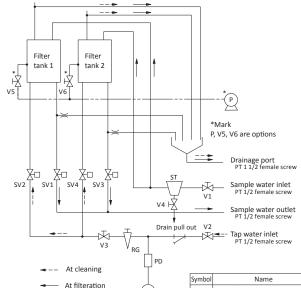
Power : AC 100V 50/60Hz

• External dimensions (Standard type)



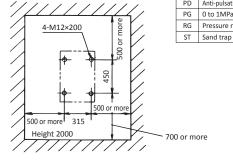
Please contact us as we have prepared a detailed spec sheet separately.

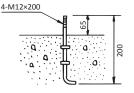
Flow sheet



3,	
V1	Sample water adjustment valve
V2	Tap water stop valve
V3	Tap water adjustment valve
V4	Drain valve
Р	Gas pump
٧	Manual valve
SV	Solenoid valve
PD	Anti-pulsation pressure gauge joint
PG	0 to 1MPa/cm ²
RG	Pressure reducing valve
	V1 V2 V3 V4 P V SV PD PG

Maintenance space









A CAUTION

Please read the operation manual carefully before using producuts.

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